

## Annex: FD-Codelist

### COUNTRY\_STATE\_CODE

VALUE	NAME
ATXX	Österreich
BEXX	Belgien
CHXX	Schweiz
CZHK	
CZJI	
CZKV	
CZLI	
CZMA	
CZME	
CZPA	
CZPL	
CZPR	
CZST	
CZUL	
CZVY	
CZXX	Tschechien
DEBB	Brandenburg
DEBE	Berlin
DEBW	Baden-Württemberg
DEBY	Bayern
DEHB	Bremen
DEHE	Hessen
DEHH	Hamburg
DEMV	Mecklenburg-Vorpommern
DENI	Niedersachsen
DENW	Nordrhein-Westfalen
DERP	Rheinland-Pfalz
DESH	Schleswig-Holstein
DESL	Saarland
DESN	Sachsen
DEST	Sachsen-Anhalt
DETH	Thüringen
FR00	Frankreich
ITXX	Italien

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VALUE	NAME
LIXX	Liechtenstein
LUXX	Luxemburg
NLXX	Niederlande
PLXX	Polen

### FD\_AREA\_CODE

VALUE	NAME
1	APSFRCCode
2	UOMCode
3	OtherArealIdentification

### FD\_ARTICLE\_CODE

VALUE	NAME
13_1_a	Article_13.1_a
13_1_b	Article_13.1_b
4	Article_4

### FD\_ASPECT\_CODE

VALUE	NAME
1	Aggregated
2	Individual

### FD\_CATEGORY\_CODE

VALUE	NAME
F	Potential future flood
P	Past flood

### FD\_CULTURAL\_HERITAGE\_CODE

VALUE	NAME
B30	Cultural Heritage
B31	Cultural Assets: Adverse consequences to cultural heritage, which could include archaeological sites / monuments, architectural sites, museums, spiritual sites and buildings.
B32	Landscape: Adverse permanent or long-term consequences on cultural landscapes, that is cultural properties which represents the combined works of nature and man, such as relics of traditional landscapes, anchor locations or zones.

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VALUE	NAME
B33	Other
B34	Not applicable

### FD\_DATA\_BASIS\_CODE

VALUE	NAME
0	Other
1	Modelling 1D
2	Modelling 2D
3	Modelling 1D and 2D combined
4	Observation
5	Dyke break scenario
6	Leveling

### FD\_DETAIL\_LEVEL\_CODE

VALUE	NAME
1	Hauptstrom
2	Nebengewässer
3	Küste

### FD\_ECONOMIC\_ACTIVITIES\_CODE

VALUE	NAME
B40	Economic
B41	Property: Adverse consequences to property, which could include homes.
B42	Infrastructure: Adverse consequences to infrastructural assets such as utilities, power generation, transport, storage and communication.
B43	Rural Land Use: Adverse consequences to uses of the land, such as agricultural activity (livestock, arable and horticulture), forestry, mineral extraction and fishing.
B44	Economic Activity: Adverse consequences to sectors of economic activity, such as manufacturing, construction, retail, services and other sources of employment.
B45	Other
B46	Not applicable

### FD\_ENVIRONMENT\_CODE

VALUE	NAME
B20	Environment

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VALUE	NAME
B21	Waterbody Status: Adverse consequences ecological or chemical status of surface water bodies or chemical status of ground water bodies affected, as of concern under the WFD. Such consequences may arise from pollution from various sources (point and diffuse) or due to hydromorphological impacts of flooding.
B22	Protected Areas: Adverse consequences to protected areas or waterbodies such as those designated under the Birds and Habitats Directives, bathing waters or drinking water abstraction points.
B23	Pollution Sources: Sources of potential pollution in the event of a flood, such as IPPC and Seveso installations, or point or diffuse sources.
B24	Other potential adverse environmental impacts, such as those on soil, biodiversity, flora and fauna, etc.
B25	Not applicable

### FD\_FLOOD\_CHARACTERISTIC\_CODE

VALUE	NAME
A31	Flash Flood: A flood that rises and falls quite rapidly with little or no advance warning, usually the result of intense rainfall over a relatively small area.
A32	Snow Melt Flood: Flooding due to snow melt, possibly in combination with rainfall or blockage due to ice jams.
A33	Other rapid onset: A flood which develops quickly, other than a flash flood.
A34	Medium onset flood: An onset of flooding, that occurs at a slower rate than a flash flood.
A35	Slow onset flood: A flood which takes a longer time to develop.
A36	Debris Flow: A flood conveying a high degree of debris.
A37	High Velocity Flow: A flood where the floodwaters are flowing at a high velocity, for instance a medium onset flood with high velocity.
A38	Deep Flood: A flood where the floodwaters are of significant depth.
A39	Other: Other characteristics, or no special characteristics.
A40	No data available: No data available on the characteristics of flooding.

### FD\_FLOOD\_MECHANISM\_CODE

VALUE	NAME
A21	Natural Exceedance: Flooding of land by waters exceeding the capacity of their carrying channel or the level of adjacent lands.
A22	Defence Exceedance: Flooding of land due to floodwaters overtopping flood defences.
A23	Defence or Infrastructural Failure: Flooding of land due to the failure of natural or artificial defences or infrastructure. This mechanism of flooding could include the breaching or collapse of a flood defence or retention structure, or the failure in operation of pumping equipment or gates.
A24	Blockage / Restriction: Flooding of land due to a natural or artificial blockage or restriction of a conveyance channel or system. This mechanism of flooding could include the blockage of sewerage systems or due to restrictive channel structures such as bridges or culverts or arising from ice jams or land slides.
A25	Other: Flooding of land by water due to other mechanisms, for instance windsetup floods.
A26	No data available: No data available on the mechanism of flooding.

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### FD\_FLOOD\_SOURCE\_CODE

VALUE	NAME
A11	Fluvial: Flooding of land by waters originating from part of a natural drainage system, including natural or modified drainage channels. This source could include flooding from rivers, streams, drainage channels, mountain torrents and ephemeral watercourses, lakes and floods arising from snow melt.
A12	Pluvial: Flooding of land directly from rainfall water falling on, or flowing over, the land. This source could include urban storm water, rural overland flow or excess water, or overland floods arising from snowmelt.
A13	Groundwater: Flooding of land by waters from underground rising to above the land surface. This source could include rising groundwater and underground flow from elevated surface waters.
A14	Sea Water: Flooding of land by water from the sea, estuaries or coastal lakes. This source could include flooding from the sea (e.g., extreme tidal level and / or storm surges) or arising from wave action or coastal tsunamis.
A15	Artificial Water-Bearing Infrastructure: Flooding of land by water arising from artificial, water-bearing infrastructure or failure of such infrastructure. This source could include flooding arising from sewerage systems (including storm water, combined and foul sewers), water supply and wastewater treatment systems, artificial navigation canals and impoundments (e.g., dams and reservoirs).
A16	Other: Flooding of land by water due to other sources, can include other tsunamis.
A17	No data available: No data available on the source of flooding.
PK_default	PK_default

### FD\_HUMAN\_HEALTH\_CODE

VALUE	NAME
B10	Human Health (Social)
B11	Human Health: Adverse consequences to human health, either as immediate or consequential impacts, such as might arise from pollution or interruption of services related to water supply and treatment, and would include fatalities.
B12	Community: Adverse consequences to the community, such as detrimental impacts on local governance and public administration, emergency response, education, health and social work facilities (such as hospitals).
B13	Other
B14	Not applicable

### FD\_IED\_CODE

VALUE	NAME
1	Energy industries
1.1	Combustion installations with a rated thermal input exceeding 50 MW.
1.2	Mineral oil and gas refineries.
1.3	Coke ovens.
1.4	Coal gasification and liquefaction plants.
2	Production and processing of metals
2.1	Metal ore (including sulphide ore) roasting or sintering installations.
2.2	Installations for the production of pig iron or steel (primary or secondary fusion) including continuous casting, with a capacity exceeding 2,5 tonnes per hour.

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VALUE	NAME
2.3	Installations for the processing of ferrous metals:
2.3.a	hot-rolling mills with a capacity exceeding 20 tonnes of crude steel per hour
2.3.b	smitheries with hammers the energy of which exceeds 50 kilojoules per hammer, where the calorific power used exceeds 20 MW
2.3.c	application of protective fused metal coats with an input exceeding 2 tonnes of crude steel per hour.
2.4	Ferrous metal foundries with a production capacity exceeding 20 tonnes per day.
2.5	Installations
2.5.a	for the production of non-ferrous crude metals from ore, concentrates or secondary raw materials by metallurgical, chemical or electrolytic processes
2.5.b	for the smelting, including the alloyage, of non-ferrous metals, including recovered products, (refining, foundry casting, etc.) with a melting capacity exceeding 4 tonnes per day for lead and cadmium or 20 tonnes per day for all other metals.
2.6	Installations for surface treatment of metals and plastic materials using an electrolytic or chemical process where the volume of the treatment vats exceeds 30 m <sup>3</sup> .
3	Mineral industry
3.1	Installations for the production of cement clinker in rotary kilns with a production capacity exceeding 500 tonnes per day or lime in rotary kilns with a production capacity exceeding 50 tonnes per day or in other furnaces with a production capacity exceeding 50 tonnes per day.
3.2	Installations for the production of asbestos and the manufacture of asbestos-based products. 29.1.2008 EN Official Journal of the European Union L 24/19
3.3	Installations for the manufacture of glass including glass fibre with a melting capacity exceeding 20 tonnes per day.
3.4	Installations for melting mineral substances including the production of mineral fibres with a melting capacity exceeding 20 tonnes per day.
3.5	Installations for the manufacture of ceramic products by firing, in particular roofing tiles, bricks, refractory bricks, tiles, stoneware or porcelain, with a production capacity exceeding 75 tonnes per day, and/or with a kiln capacity exceeding 4 m <sup>3</sup> and with a setting density per kiln exceeding 300 kg/m <sup>3</sup> .
4	Chemical industry Production within the meaning of the categories of activities contained in this section means the production on an industrial scale by chemical processing of substances or groups of substances listed in points 4.1 to 4.6.
4.1	Chemical installations for the production of basic organic chemicals, such as:
4.1.a	simple hydrocarbons (linear or cyclic, saturated or unsaturated, aliphatic or aromatic)
4.1.b	oxygen-containing hydrocarbons such as alcohols, aldehydes, ketones, carboxylic acids, esters, acetates, ethers, peroxides, epoxy resins
4.1.c	sulphurous hydrocarbons
4.1.d	nitrogenous hydrocarbons such as amines, amides, nitrous compounds, nitro compounds or nitrate compounds, nitriles, cyanates, isocyanates
4.1.e	phosphorus-containing hydrocarbons
4.1.f	halogenic hydrocarbons
4.1.g	organometallic compounds
4.1.h	basic plastic materials (polymers, synthetic fibres and cellulose-based fibres)
4.1.i	synthetic rubbers
4.1.j	dyes and pigments

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VALUE	NAME
4.1.k	surface-active agents and surfactants.
4.2	Chemical installations for the production of basic inorganic chemicals, such as:
4.2.a	gases, such as ammonia, chlorine or hydrogen chloride, fluorine or hydrogen fluoride, carbon oxides, sulphur compounds, nitrogen oxides, hydrogen, sulphur dioxide, carbonyl chloride
4.2.b	acids, such as chromic acid, hydrofluoric acid, phosphoric acid, nitric acid, hydrochloric acid, sulphuric acid, oleum, sulphurous acids
4.2.c	bases, such as ammonium hydroxide, potassium hydroxide, sodium hydroxide
4.2.d	salts, such as ammonium chloride, potassium chlorate, potassium carbonate, sodium carbonate, perborate, silver nitrate
4.2.e	non-metals, metal oxides or other inorganic compounds such as calcium carbide, silicon, silicon carbide. L 24/20 EN Official Journal of the European Union 29.1.2008
4.3	Chemical installations for the production of phosphorous-, nitrogen- or potassium-based fertilisers (simple or compound fertilisers).
4.4	Chemical installations for the production of basic plant health products and of biocides.
4.5	Installations using a chemical or biological process for the production of basic pharmaceutical products.
4.6	Chemical installations for the production of explosives.
5	Waste management Without prejudice to Article 11 of Directive 2006/12/EC or Article 3 of Council Directive 91/689/EEC of 12 December 1991 on hazardous waste (1):
5.1	Installations for the disposal or recovery of hazardous waste as defined in the list referred to in Article 1(4) of Directive 91/689/EEC, as defined in Annexes II A and II B (operations R1, R5, R6, R8 and R9) to Directive 2006/12/EC and in Council Directive 75/439/EEC of 16 June 1975 on the disposal of waste oils (2), with a capacity exceeding 10 tonnes per day.
5.2	Installations for the incineration of municipal waste (household waste and similar commercial, industrial and institutional wastes) with a capacity exceeding 3 tonnes per hour.
5.3	Installations for the disposal of non-hazardous waste as defined in Annex II A to Directive 2006/12/EC under headings D8 and D9, with a capacity exceeding 50 tonnes per day.
5.4	Landfills receiving more than 10 tonnes per day or with a total capacity exceeding 25 000 tonnes, excluding landfills of inert waste.
6	Other activities
6.1	Industrial plants for the production of:
6.1.a	pulp from timber or other fibrous materials
6.1.b	paper and cardboard with a production capacity exceeding 20 tonnes per day.
6.2	Plants for the pre-treatment (operations such as washing, bleaching, mercerisation) or dyeing of fibres or textiles where the treatment capacity exceeds 10 tonnes per day.
6.3	Plants for the tanning of hides and skins where the treatment capacity exceeds 12 tonnes of finished products per day.
6.4.a	Slaughterhouses with a carcase production capacity greater than 50 tonnes per day.
6.4.b	Treatment and processing intended for the production of food products from: - animal raw materials (other than milk) with a finished product production capacity greater than 75 tonnes per day, - vegetable raw materials with a finished product production capacity greater than 300 tonnes per day (average value on a quarterly basis).
6.4.c	Treatment and processing of milk, the quantity of milk received being greater than 200 tonnes per day (average value on an annual basis).
6.5	Installations for the disposal or recycling of animal carcasses and animal waste with a treatment capacity exceeding 10 tonnes per day.

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VALUE	NAME
6.6	Installations for the intensive rearing of poultry or pigs with more than:
6.6.a	40 000 places for poultry
6.6.b	2 000 places for production pigs (over 30 kg) or
6.6.c	750 places for sows.
6.7	Installations for the surface treatment of substances, objects or products using organic solvents, in particular for dressing, printing, coating, degreasing, waterproofing, sizing, painting, cleaning or impregnating, with a consumption capacity of more than 150 kg per hour or more than 200 tonnes per year.
6.8	Installations for the production of carbon (hard-burnt coal) or electrographite by means of incineration or graphitisation

### FD\_MAP\_CATEGORY\_CODE

VALUE	NAME
1	LowProbabilityHazard
2	MediumProbabilityHazard
3	HighProbabilityHazard
4	LowProbabilityRisk
5	MediumProbabilityRisk
6	HighProbabilityRisk

### FD\_MEASURE\_CODE

VALUE	NAME
301	Festlegung von Vorrang- und Vorbehaltsgebieten in den Raumordnungs- und Regionalplänen
302	Festsetzung bzw. Aktualisierung der Überschwemmungsgebiete und Formulierung von Nutzungsbeschränkungen nach Wasserrecht
303	Anpassung und/oder Änderung der Bauleitplanung bzw. Erteilung baurechtlicher Vorgaben
304	Maßnahmen zur angepassten Flächennutzung
305	Entfernung von hochwassersensiblen Nutzungen oder Verlegung in Gebiete mit niedrigerer Hochwasserwahrscheinlichkeit
306	Hochwasserangepasstes Bauen und Sanieren
307	Objektschutz an Gebäuden und Infrastruktureinrichtungen
308	Hochwasserangepasster Umgang mit wassergefährdenden Stoffen
309	Maßnahmen zur Unterstützung der Vermeidung von Hochwasserrisiken Erstellung von Konzeptionen / Studien / Gutachten
310	Hochwassermindernde Flächenbewirtschaftung
311	Gewässerentwicklung und Auenrenaturierung, Aktivierung ehemaliger Feuchtgebiete
312	Minderung der Flächenversiegelung
313	Regenwassermanagement
314	Wiedergewinnung von natürlichen Rückhalteflächen



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VALUE	NAME
315	Aufstellung, Weiterführung, Beschleunigung und/oder Erweiterung der Bauprogramme zum Hochwasserrückhalt inkl. Überprüfung, Erweiterung und Neubau von Hochwasserrückhalteräumen und Stauanlagen
316	Betrieb, Unterhaltung und Sanierung von Hochwasserrückhalteräumen und Stauanlagen
317	Ausbau, Ertüchtigung bzw. Neubau von stationären und mobilen Schutzeinrichtungen
318	Unterhaltung von vorhandenen stationären und mobilen Schutzbauwerken
319	Freihaltung und Vergrößerung des Hochwasserabflussquerschnitts im Siedlungsraum und Auenbereich
320	Freihaltung des Hochwasserabflussquerschnitts durch Gewässerunterhaltung und Vorlandmanagement
321	Sonstige Maßnahme zur Verbesserung des Schutzes gegen Überschwemmungen
322	Einrichtung bzw. Verbesserung des Hochwassermeldedienstes und der Sturmflutvorhersage
323	Einrichtung bzw. Verbesserung von kommunalen Warn- und Informationssystemen
324	Planung und Optimierung des Krisen- und Ressourcenmanagements
325	Verhaltensvorsorge
326	Risikovorsorge
327	Schadensnachsorge
328	Sonstige Maßnahmen aus dem Bereich Wiederherstellung, Regeneration und Überprüfung
329	Sonstige Maßnahmen
501	Erstellung von Konzeptionen / Studien / Gutachten
502	Durchführung von Forschungs-, Entwicklungs- und Demonstrationsvorhaben
503	Informations- und Fortbildungsmaßnahmen
504	Beratungsmaßnahmen
505	Einrichtung bzw. Anpassung von Förderprogrammen
506	Freiwillige Kooperationen
507	Zertifizierungssysteme
508	Vertiefende Untersuchungen und Kontrollen
509	Untersuchungen zum Klimawandel

## FD\_MEASURE\_TYPE

VALUE	NAME
M11	No measure is proposed to reduce the flood risk in the APSFR or other defined area
M21	Measure to prevent the location of new or additional receptors in flood prone areas, such as land use planning policies or regulation
M22	Measure to remove receptors from flood prone areas, or to relocate receptors to areas of lower probability of flooding and/or of lower hazard
M23	Measure to adapt receptors to reduce the adverse consequences in the event of a flood actions on buildings, public networks, etc.
M24	Other measure to enhance flood risk prevention (may include, flood risk modelling and assessment, flood vulnerability assessment, maintenance programmes or policies etc...)

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VALUE	NAME
M31	Measures to reduce the flow into natural or artificial drainage systems, such as overland flow interceptors and / or storage, enhancement of infiltration, etc and including in-channel , floodplain works and the reforestation of banks, that restore natural systems to help slow flow and store water.
M32	Measures involving physical interventions to regulate flows, such as the construction, modification or removal of water retaining structures (e.g., dams or other on-line storage areas or development of existing flow regulation rules), and which have a significant impact on the hydrological regime.
M33	Measures involving physical interventions in freshwater channels, mountain streams, estuaries, coastal waters and floodprone areas of land, such as the construction, modification or removal of structures or the alteration of channels, sediment dynamics management, dykes, etc.
M34	Measures involving physical interventions to reduce surface water flooding, typically, but not exclusively, in an urban environment, such as enhancing artificial drainage capacities or though sustainable drainage systems (SuDS).
M35	Other measure to enhance protection against flooding, which may include flood defence asset maintenance programmes or policies
M41	Measure to establish or enhance a flood forecasting or warning system
M42	Measure to establish or enhance flood event institutional emergency response planning
M43	Measure to establish or enhance the public awareness or preparedness for flood events
M44	Other measure to establish or enhance preparedness for flood events to reduce adverse consequences
M51	Clean-up and restoration activities (buildings, infrastructure, etc); Health and mental health supporting actions, incl. managing stress; Disaster financial assistance (grants, tax), incl. disaster legal assistance, disaster unemployment assistance; Temporary or permanent relocation; Other
M52	Clean-up and restoration activities (with several sub-topics as mould protection, well-water safety and securing hazardous materials containers)
M53	Lessons learnt from flood events; Insurance policies
M61	Other

### FD\_PRIORITY\_CODE

VALUE	NAME
1	Critical
2	Very High
3	High
4	Moderate
5	Low

### FD\_PROBABILITY\_CODE

VALUE	NAME
H	High / Häufiges Ereignis
L	Low Or Extrem / Seltenes oder Extremereignis
M	Medium / Mittleres Ereignis

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### FD\_PROTECTEDAREATYPE\_TYPE

VALUE	NAME
1	Bathing
10	Local
2	Birds
3	Habitats
4	Nitrates
5	UWWT
6	Article 7 Abstraction for drinking water
7	WFD_WaterBodies
8	EuropeanOther
9	National

### FD\_RESP\_LEVEL

VALUE	NAME
1	Land
2	Regional (Regierungspräsidium, Bezirksregierungen)
3	Kommunal (Kreise, Gemeinden)
4	Verbände (Wasserverbände, Deichverbände, öffentlich-rechtliche Körperschaften)
5	Sonstige

### FD\_RIVERBASINDISTRICT\_CODE

VALUE	NAME
1000	Donau
2000	Rhein
3000	Ems
4000	Weser
5000	Elbe
6000	Oder
7000	Maas
9500	Eider
9610	Schlei/Trave
9650	Warnow/Peene

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### FD\_RIVERCATEGORY\_CODE

VALUE	NAME
0	Other
1	River basin district (RBD) Stream
10	Main river at LAWA perspective
100	Main river at RBD or Working Area perspective
110	Selected rivers at Working Area perspective
90li	Other, left bank meant in flow and digitisation direction
90re	Other, right bank meant in flow and digitisation direction
9100li	Main river at RBD or Working Area perspective and borderline, left bank meant in flow and digitisation direction
9100re	Main river at RBD or Working Area perspective and borderline, right bank meant in flow and digitisation direction
910li	Main river at LAWA perspective and borderline, left bank meant in flow and digitisation direction
910re	Main river at LAWA perspective and borderline, right bank meant in flow and digitisation direction
9110li	Selected rivers at Working Area perspective and borderline, left bank meant in flow and digitisation direction
9110re	Selected rivers at Working Area perspective and borderline, right bank meant in flow and digitisation direction
91li	RBD Stream and borderline, left bank meant in flow and digitisation direction
91re	RBD Stream and borderline, right bank meant in flow and digitisation direction

### FD\_STATUS\_CODE

VALUE	NAME
COM	Completed
NS	Not started
OG	On Going
OGC	On Going Construction
U	Unknown

### FD\_TOTALDAMAGECLASS\_CODE

VALUE	NAME
-9999	Unknown
H	High
I	Insignificant
L	Low
M	Medium
NC	No consequences
VH	Very high

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### FD\_UOM\_CODE

VALUE	NAME
1000	Donau
2000	Rhein
3000	Ems
4000	Weser
5000	Elbe
6000	Oder
7000	Maas
9500	Eider
9610	Schlei/Trave
9650	Warnow/Peene

### FD\_URL\_CODE

VALUE	NAME
1	INSPIRE_WMS
2	Portal
3	PDF

### FD\_WA\_CODE

VALUE	NAME
1000	Donau
2100	Alpenrhein/Bodensee
2200	Hochrhein
2300	Oberrhein
2380	Neckar
2400	Main
2600	Mosel/Saar
2700	Mittlrhein
2800	Niederrhein
2900	Deltarhein
3100	Obere Ems
3500	Ems/Nordradde
3600	Hase

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VALUE	NAME
3700	Nedereems
3800	Leda-Jümme
3900	Untere Ems
3990	Ems-Ästuar
4100	Werra
4200	Fulda/Diemel
4500	Weser
4800	Aller
4880	Leine
4900	Tide-Weser
5100	Obere und Mittlere Elbe
5210	Obere Moldau
5240	Berounka
5290	Untere Moldau
5300	Eger und Untere Elbe
5400	Mulde-Elbe-Schwarze Elster
5600	Saale
5700	Mittelbe-Elde
5800	Havel
5900	Tide-Elbe
6300	Mittlere Oder (IKSO)
6400	Lausitzer Neiße (IKSO)
6700	Stettiner Haff
6740	Lausitzer Neiße
6770	Mittlere Oder
6900	Untere Oder
7000	Maas
9500	Eider
9610	Schlei/Trave
9650	Warnow/Peene

### FD\_YN\_CODE

VALUE	NAME
N	No
U	NA

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VALUE	NAME
Y	Yes